

Sundew 'Drosera andersoniana'; (CarniDr139)

Drosera andersoniana

€ 8.09

Drosera andersoniana is a carnivorous plant from the sundew family. This species originates from southwestern Australia. This plant has an erect stalk containing several small rounded and heavy glandular leaves to trap insects with. Provide this plant with bright light and constant wet conditions. This species could grow indoors, larger terraria, greenhouses and could be kept outside in spring and summer.



Plant type:



carnivorous

Place:



indoor

Adult width:



10 cm

Light:



full light

Watering:



high

Araflora info



introduction

Product info

Drosera andersoniana is a carnivorous plant from the sundew family, growing up to 25 cm in length. Like every species within the genus Drosera, this plant uses its heavy glandular leaves to trap insects for nutrients. The higher the intensity of exposed light, the brighter red the leaves will be. This plant grows from small tubers in the ground. From a central rosette, spoon-shaped, glandular leaves sprout from its tuber. When fully mature, a 25 cm stalk containing small round leaves grows out of the rosette. At the top of this stalk, small white to red flowers are produced. Propagation is most easily done by removal of smaller rosettes or bulbs near the base of a mature plant. Also, harvesting and sowing seeds is possible.

Height:

5 cm



Width:

4 cm



Adult height:

5-10 cm



Adult width:

10 cm



Flower period:

Jan-July



Product:

plant



Plant type:

carnivorous



Growth habit:

normal



Properties:

special



Growth rate:

normal



Araflora info:

introduction



Natural habitat:

Australia/ New Zealand



Altitude range:

0-500 m



Plantcare

Drosera andersoniana originates from loamy soils and granite outcrops of southwestern Australia. It grows in exposed, moist areas near grassy patches. For optimal growth, the optimal day temperature is around 25 degrees Celsius. In the night temperatures could drop to 15 degrees Celsius. This plant could also be grown outdoors in spring and in summer, but make sure temperature does not drop below 15 degrees Celsius. Place this species in a mineral rich, water retaining medium that lacks nutrients and other dissolved salts completely. Clean peat or horticultural sand are some examples. Provide this species with bright to very bright light conditions such as direct sunlight or strong artificial lights. Prevent this plant from drying out when in active growth. To maintain swampy or soggy conditions, it is possible to place a perforated pot in a tray of water. Always use demineralized water; water containing even a low concentration of minerals could burn the sensitive roots. Fertilizer is best to avoid but it is possible to feed this plant with caught insects once per month.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| Care: normal |  | Place: indoor |  |
| Place: artificial lighting |  | Light: full light |  |
| Artificial light height: 0-20cm |  | Fertilize: none |  |
| Maintenance: prune dead stalks |  | Watering: high |  |
| Watering tips: standing in water |  | Watering tips: no-water spraying |  |
| Air humidity at day: 60-100% |  | Air humidity at night: 80-100% |  |
| Air movement: normal |  | Temperature 15°C |  |
| Day temperature 15-25°C |  | Night temperature 10-25°C |  |
| Temperature max: 30°C |  | Soil ph: < 7 |  |
| Soil type: peat |  | Repotting: after 2 years |  |